1. Choose the correct answer.

1. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ask Karen for help. She understands maths problems like these. (can / should / be able to)
2. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ arrive this afternoon. I’ll know for certain in an hour. (should / must / may)
3. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ return my car with an empty petrol tank. (mustn’t / can’t / don’t have to)
4. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be cold later. I think we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ take our jackets. (might / has to / must)- (should / can / will be able)
5. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ speak French when you’re in France, but it helps. (mustn’t / don’t have to / can’t)
6. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ repair the tyre himself because he didn’t have any tools (mustn’t / didn’t have to / couldn’t)
7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I have a glass of wine? (should / may / must)
8. Look – That cat is bleeding! It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be hurt. (must / should / can)
9. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sit outside. Would you prefer a table inside instead? (mustn’t / can’t / needn’t)
10. Everybody \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ attend the meeting. It is extremely important that everyone is there. (may / has to / ought to)

2. Complete each sentence with a suitable modal below.

1. I won’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ see you this weekend because I’m going out of town.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I see your passport? Thank you very much.
3. That girl at the door \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be Emma because she is standing next to me.
4. To get a driving licence, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an eye test. You can’t get a licence without it.
5. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finish your work until next Monday, but you can complete it early if you want to.
6. By the time she was eight, she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ play the piano very beautifully.
7. Passengers on the plane \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ get up when the “fasten seatbelt” sign is on. It’s against the rules.
8. I think you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ buy this shirt; you look great in blue.
9. Gloria \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leave her job, but she hasn’t decided yet.
10. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eat so much chocolate. It’s not good for your health.

3 can’t / 7 mustn’t / 4 must / 9 might / 8 should /

10 shouldn’t / 5 don’t have to / 1 be able to / 2 can / 6 was able to

3. Put the sentences into the passive voice:

1. This house was built in 1930.
2. Two hundred people are employed by this company.
3. A lot of money was stolen in the robbery.
4. The room will be cleaned later.
5. The room was being cleaned when I arrived.
6. The computer is being used at the moment.
7. The letter has been sent to a wrong address.
8. A new hospital has been built near the airport.
9. The car would be stopped by the police immediately.
10. The problem should have been known one week before.

4. Rewrite the sentences so that the sentence below means exactly the same as the sentence above.

1. Somebody washes his car every Friday.

Joe has his car washed every Friday.

1. The secretary typed Andrew’s mails.

Andrew had his mails typed by the secretary.

1. A company will organise our party next month.

We will have our party organised next month.

1. Somebody is delivering a pizza to our home in half an hour.

We are having a pizza delivered to our home in half an hour.

1. The painter is going to paint my walls tomorrow.

I am going to have my walls painted tomorrow.

5. Join the sentences using a relative pronoun:

Defining:

1. Where are the people who/that promised to visit you?
2. I met a man whose sister knows you.
3. **The woman who gave me the application form told me how to fill it out**
4. Ann brought a dress which/that doesn’t fit her very well.
5. **The novel is about a child whose parents die in the jungle**
6. This is the station where you can get the train to Madrid.
7. Have you seen the biscuits which were on the top shelf?
8. **I bought a new CD whose songs are by different country music singers**

Non-defining:

1. My car, which has been causing me many problems, has finally been sold.
2. She, whose father is a composer, is a good pianist.
3. Madrid, which is in the centre of the country, is the capital of Spain.
4. William, who recently broke his leg, has been released from hospital.
5. **Harry, who’s got a dog, a cat and two hamsters, is very fond of pets.**
6. **Tina, whose parents were away on business, gave a big party in her house.**
7. **Katy lives in Madrid, where she studied engineering / Katy, who studied engineering, lives in Madrid.**
8. The dog, whose owner is never home, barks all the time.

6. Complete the conditionals:

1. If I were you, I would stop telling lies.
2. We would have finished our work much sooner if you had helped us. Why didn’t you?
3. There would be fewer accidents if people drove more carefully, but no one seems to care.
4. If you listened more carefully, you would learn something.
5. I would eat more if I were hungry.
6. I would have told her if she had asked me.

7. Change the following phrases into reported speech:

1. The police officer asked us where we were going.
2. John said to Mary that he had stayed there the whole day.
3. The mother ordered her son to stay in his room.
4. My friend wanted to know why I had applied for the job.
5. Mary told John that she would be back that night.
6. The thief ordered the victim not to move.
7. The child asked his father if / whether he could lend him some money
8. The mother asked her son if / whether he was glad to be back.